

revisiting your COP17 negotiations...



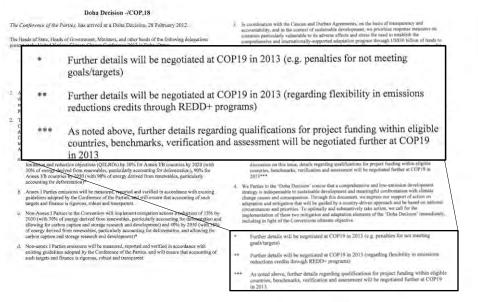




6 March 2012

### revisiting your COP18 negotiations...





### activity #2 – climate & zero waste commercial





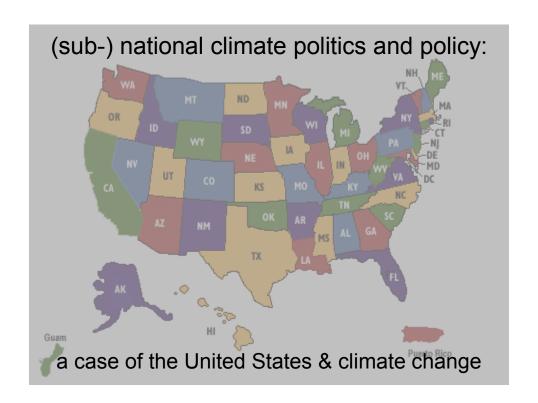
- → groups of 4 and play the role of climate communicators.
- → develop plans for a 30-60 second commercial: connecting 'climate policy and politics' to zero waste/waste reduction practices on the CU-Boulder campus through this prompt: 'our atmosphere is a sewer'

The product will be a film script of **no more than 2000 words** (roughly the equivalent of a 30 second spot), **due Thursday, April 12th**.

This script needs to be broken down as follows:

- up to 500 words summarizing the main point(s) of the commercial; and
- up to 1500 words for the script itself

When you turn in the project description/script on April 12<sup>th</sup>, your group will give a **short presentation** describing your film commercial, also briefly touching on your motivation and rationale.

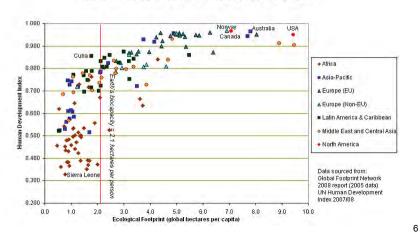


You can always count on Americans to do the right thing - after they've tried everything else. ~ Winston Churchill





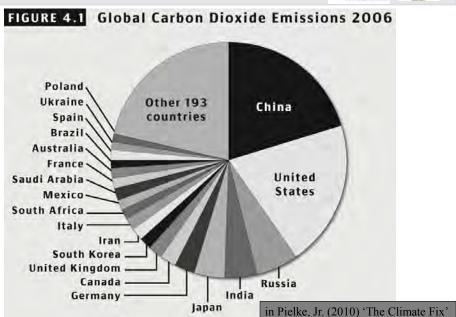
#### **Human Welfare and Ecological Footprints compared**



## Why the United States matters



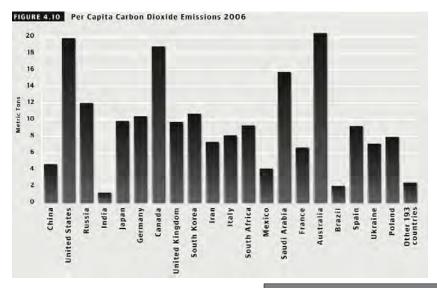




## Why the United States matters







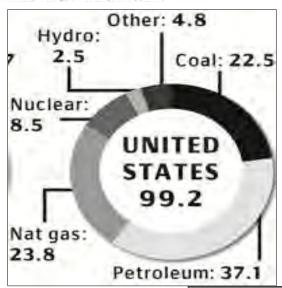
in Pielke, Jr. (2010) 'The Climate Fix'

# Why the United States matters





FIGURE 4.11 Breakdown of energy consumption (quads

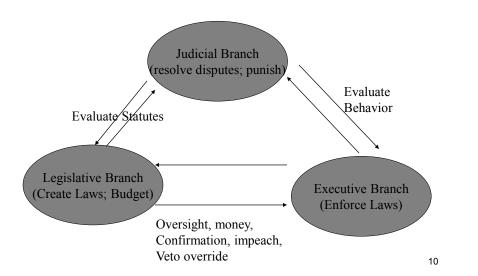


in Pielke, Jr. (2010) 'The Climate Fix'

# Separation of Powers: Checks & Balances







6 March 2012 5

# The Structure & Function of U.S. Political Institutions





# Legislative Branch

#### **Functions**

- 1. pass legislation
- 2. appropriate money
- 3. hold hearings
- 4. confirm presidential appointments
- 5. ratify international treaties

#### **Structure**

- 1. House 435 members; 2 year terms
- 2. Senate 100 members; 6 year terms
- 3. accountable to constituents
- 4. committees and sub-committees





# The Structure & Function of U.S. Political Institutions





# Legislative Branch

James Inhofe (R – Oklahoma)







# The Structure & Function of U.S. Political Institutions





### **Executive Branch**

#### **Functions**

- 1. appoint department (e.g. cabinet)
- 2. appoint judiciary
- 3. implement statutes
- 4. submit budgets
- 5. propose/veto/sign legislation
- 6. issue executive orders

#### **Structure**

- 1. President only elected member; 4 year term
- 2. Departments/cabinet posts, agencies and offices





# The Environmental Protection Agency



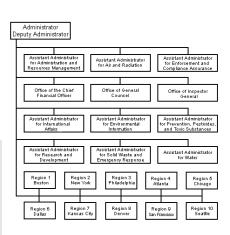




Administrator Lisa P. Jackson



- primary administrator of environmental laws
- safety-ethics-economics
- numerous branches and depts
- largest total budget of any federal agency



# The Structure & Function of U.S. Political Institutions





### **Judicial Branch**

#### **Functions**

- 1. interpret/judge/punish violators
- 2. no topical specialization
- 3. resolve uncertainty/disputes
- 4. 'legislate from the bench'
- 5. consider those with standing

The U.S. Supreme Court



#### Structure

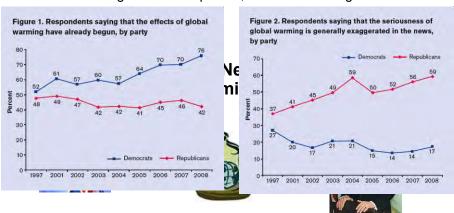
- 1. Federal district courts appointed for life
- 2. Appellate courts appointed for life
- 3. Supreme court appointed for life

## politicization of climate science





#### McCright and Dunlap 2008, Environment magazine

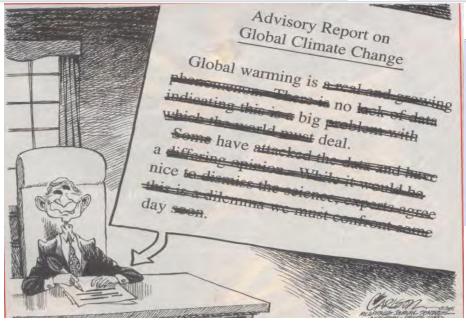


- → Hagel had petition signed by 15,000 'scientists' criticizing proposed international policy action on climate change
- → it included Ginger Spice of the Spice Girls

# politicization of climate science







## SESSION THURSDAY, MARCH 8





#### **GUEST LECTURE**

carbon management & cross-scale carbon governance

Professor Lisa Dilling, Center for Science & Technology Policy

carbon management – strategies that aim to deliberately affect the amount of carbon dioxide that is present in the atmosphere; e.g.'s: terrestrial/ocean/geologic carbon sequestration, carbon capture & storage; efficiency gains

carbon governance - the planning, influencing and conducting of the policy and affairs of institutions that aim to minimize the amount of carbon released into the atmosphere or maximize the amount of carbon stored stably away from the atmosphere

"How these challenges to effective carbon governance are dealt with at levels below the international framework remains to be seen" ~ Lisa Dilling, p. 31